

# A Note on Fault-tolerant Distributed Algorithms

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## Abstract

This document lists some problems that I have thought about and potentially have a solution to. We decided not to write a formal write-up about them for various reasons.

### Asynchronous Distributed Key Generation

- ADKG with expected round complexity of  $O(\log \kappa)$  and computation cost of  $O(\kappa n^2)$ . Here  $\kappa$  is the statistical security parameter.
- Low-threshold ADKG with expected round complexity of  $O(1)$  and computation cost to  $O(n^2)$ .
- ADKG with expected round complexity of  $O(1)$ .

### Computational coin tossing protocol

- An one-shot partially synchronous coin-tossing protocol with  $n = 3t + 1$  and expected  $O(1)$  running time and expected communication cost of  $O(c \cdot n^{2+1/c})$ , where  $c \in \mathbb{Z}^+$  and  $\kappa$  is the cryptographic security parameter. This protocol only assumes a Common Random String.
  - Current best known protocol incurs  $O(\kappa n^3)$  communication cost and takes  $O(n)$  running time.

### Information-theoretic coin tossing protocol

- An information-theoretic one-shot asynchronous coin-tossing protocol with  $n = 3t + 1$  and expected communication cost of  $O(\kappa n^5)$ .  $\kappa$  here is the statistical security parameter. This protocol can generate  $O(n^2)$  common coins.
  - Current best known protocol incurs  $O(\kappa n^6)$  communication cost for a single coin.

### Reliable Broadcast (RBC)

- A balanced RBC protocol with good case latency of three-rounds and communication cost of  $O(n|M| + \kappa n^2)$ . Our protocol is not authenticated and takes five rounds in the worst case.
  - I do not know of any prior work on this problem.

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